

Breeding for flavor: linking metabolomics and genomics for blueberry improvements

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Summary

- Blueberry (*Vaccinium* spp.): source of health-promoting compounds. Crop with some of the fastest rising consumer demand trends.
- Flavor: sum of inputs from multiple senses that inform our brain what we are eating.

Motivation

- What are the genetic basis underlying the variation of flavor chemicals?
- What is the importance of volatile organic acids (VOCs) on consumer perception?

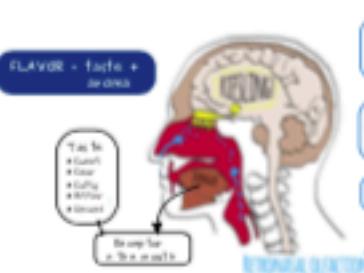


Figure 1: What is flavor?

Plant Material

Sensory Data	mGWAS
• 244 samples	• 886 genotypes
• Sensory analysis (sweetness, sourness, flavor intensity, and overall liking)	• Capture-Seq (71487 SNPs)
• Sugar + Acids + 48 VOCs	• updog package
• sensory ~ $f(\text{chemical})$	• 17 volatile
	• GWAS (Q+K model) + rrBLUP
	• chemical ~ $f(\text{genomic})$

VOCs and Consumer Preference

- Large influence of VOCs on sensory attributes, in particular, for overall liking.

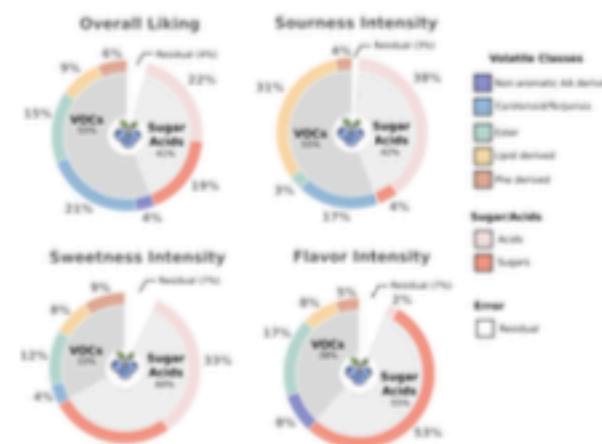


Figure 2: Variation in sensory panel ratings explained per chemical groups of metabolites in blueberry

Metabolomic Selection

- Metabolomic profiling as a phenotyping assay can enable accurate characterization of flavor profiles



Figure 3: Schematic representation of metabolomic selection in a fruit breeding program

GWAS and Marker Assisted Selection

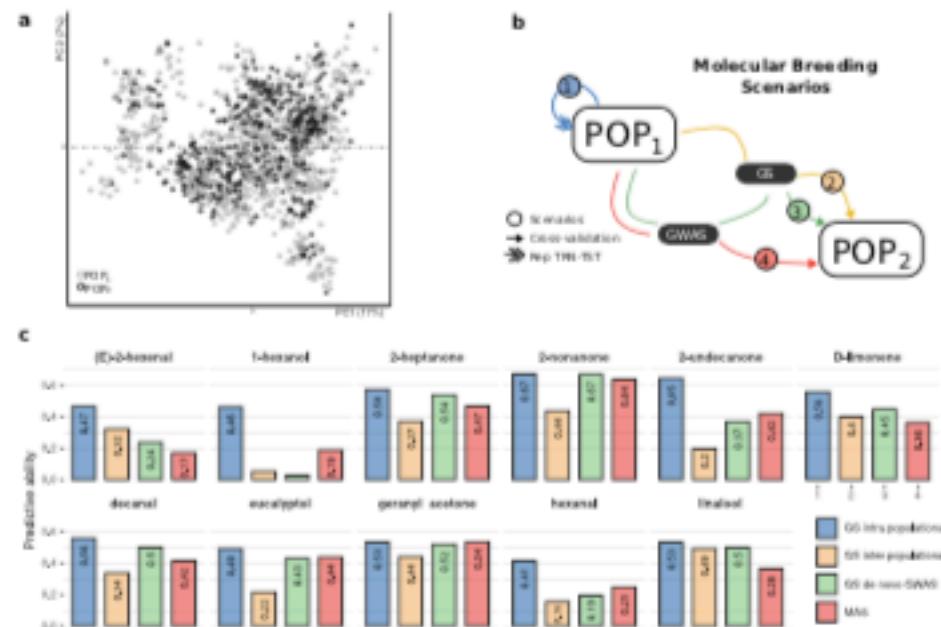


Figure 4: Phenotypic prediction. (a) Two blueberry populations (training and testing); (b) Four prediction scenarios using different approaches combining GWAS, GS and MAS; (c) Predictive ability for 17 VOCs across the four prediction scenarios.

Conclusions

- Most of the VOCs are regulated by few genes, which is important for marker-assisted selection.
- Metabolomics can be used to explain and predict consumer preference.
- Flavor-assisted selection: a new step forward in fruit flavor research, showing the scientific basis needed for improving fruit quality combining metabolomics and genomics.

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References

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